

عدد المسائل: خمس	مسابقة في مادة الرياضيات	الاسم:
	المدة: ساعتان	الرقم:

إرشادات عامة: - يسمح باستعمال آلة حاسبة غير قابلة للبرمجة أو اختزان المعلومات أو رسم البيانات.
- يستطيع المرشح الإجابة بالترتيب الذي يناسبه دون الالتزام بترتيب المسائل الواردة في المسابقة.

مسابقة في مادة الرياضيات

المدة: ساعتان

(انكليزي)

الاسم:

الرقم:

I – (5 points)

(Show all the steps of calculation)

1) Given $A = \sqrt{18} - \sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50}$.

Show that $A = 6\sqrt{2}$.

2) Given $B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + 1}$.

Show that $B = \sqrt{2} - 1$.

3) Given $C = (\sqrt{2} + 1)^2 + 1$.

Show that $C = 2\sqrt{2} + 4$.

4) show that $B \times A \times C = 24$.

II – (6 points)

1) Given $\mathbf{P(x) = (2x + 1)^2 - (2x^2 + 9x + 4)}$

a. Verify that $(2x + 1)(x + 4) = 2x^2 + 9x + 4$.

b. Show that $\mathbf{P(x) = (2x + 1)(x - 3)}$.

c. Solve the equation $(2x + 1)(x - 3) = 0$.

2) Let $\mathbf{H(x) = \frac{(2x + 1)(x - 3)}{4x^2 - 1}}$.

a. Verify that $4x^2 - 1 = (2x - 1)(2x + 1)$

b. For what values of x , is $H(x)$ defined?

c. Show that $\mathbf{H(x) = \frac{x - 3}{2x - 1}}$

3) **Solve** $\mathbf{H(x) = \frac{2}{5}}$

III – (5 points)

1) Solve the following system:
$$\begin{cases} x + y = 16 \\ 2x + 3y = 38 \end{cases}$$

2) The following table represents the distribution of electronic games in a shop according to their prices:

Price of an electronic game (in LL)	3 000	4 000	5 000	6 000
Number of electronic games	9	m	15	n
Total price	$3\,000 \times 9$	$4\,000 \times m$		

a. Complete the table.

b. The total price of all electronic games in this shop is 178 000 LL.

- Show that this information is modeled by the following equation:
 $2m + 3n = 38$.

c. Knowing that the total number of electronic games in this shop is 40.

Show that this information is modeled by the following equation:

$$m + n = 16.$$

d. Using the two equations found in **b** and **c**:

e. Calculate **m** and **n**.

IV- (2 points)

Given the proportional table below:

a	4	c
4	b	10

a) Calculate $\mathbf{a \times b}$

b) Given $\mathbf{b = 8}$, calculate \mathbf{a} and $\mathbf{23 c}$

V- (2 points)

Given $\mathbf{X = 2}$ and $\mathbf{Y = 4}$

a) Calculate $\mathbf{X^2 + Y^2}$

b) Deduce $\mathbf{(X + Y)^2}$