

مسابقة في مادة الفلسفة والحضارات

المدة: ساعتان

(باللغة الإنكليزية)

الاسم:

الرقم:

Choose one of the following subjects:

First Subject:

Consciousness is the basis of psychic life.

1- Explain this judgment and state the problematic it raises.

- **Write an introduction on the importance of consciousness.** (2 points)
- **Write a suitable problematic.** (2 points)
- **Write a preliminary idea to introduce the theory of consciousness.** (0.5point)
- **Explain**
- **Define consciousness** (4 points)
- **The characteristics consciousness. (3 of them)**
- **Point of view of certain philosophers , (Descartes, Bergson, Kant and Sartre... explain "I think therefore I am"**

Creativity

(0.5point)

2- Discuss this judgment in light of the importance of the unconscious in psychic life. Through:

- **Write a transitional sentence linking the thesis to the anti-thesis** (0.5points)
- **An internal criticism of consciousness. (2 ideas)** (1 point)
- **External criticism: the theory of unconsciousness** (3.5points)
 - The point of view of Freud.
 - The elements of psychic life
 - **The proofs** of Freud on the existence of unconsciousness: slip of the tongue
 - Dreams.
 - Miss acts.
 - Forgetting.
- **A synthesis joining the consciousness to the unconsciousness that constitute both of them the basis of psychic life.** (1.5points)

- Coherence (0.5 point)
- 3- Human consciousness of life obstacles necessarily leads man to anxiety? **Justify your answer.**
- Explain the question and define the terms. Be conscious of man obstacles. (3.5points)
 - Develop the concept of anxiety
 - Answer by a yes: Being conscious of the difficulties of life increases anxiety: justify and give examples.
 - If no, consciousness allows and helps man to get rid of his anxiety. Justify by arguments and give examples.
- language** (0.5point)

Second Subject:

Good observation is all what a scientist needs to build a scientific law.

1- **Explain** this judgment and state the problematic it raises.

Through:

- A suitable **introduction** on the specific method of the science of nature. (2 points)
- A suitable **problematic:** the essential step in the experimental method. (2 points)
- Write a **preliminary idea** introducing the empiricist theory. (0.5point)
- **Explain** by emphasizing on the importance of the observation in the scientific discovery and its conditions (4 points)
- Give an example on the importance of observation in discovering the scientific law.

Creativity. (0.5point)

2- **Discuss** this judgment in light of the priority of the hypothesis. **Through:**

- A transitional sentence linking the thesis to the anti-thesis (0.5points)
- **Write an internal criticism** of the empiricist theory. (2 ideas) (1 point)
- Write an **external criticism:**
The rationalist theory that favors the hypothesis in the experimental method. (3.5points)
 - importance of the hypothesis and **its definition.**
 - The points of view of certain philosophers on the hypothesis.
 - Give two examples from physics chemistry etc...
- **Write a synthesis** joining both theories the rationalist and the empiricist... (1.5points)

Coherence (0.5 point)

3- Do you think that the scientific progress has become the only goal of humanity? **Justify** your answer. (3.5points)

Write an explanation of the question and define the terms: the accomplishment of science and technology.

- Science facilitates the life of the individual which became the only goal.
- Tangible results he has received
- Answer with yes or no, by giving two suitable examples.
- **language** (0.5point)

Third Subject: Text

Right in itself is powerless; by nature, power dominates. The problem of the art of governing is to combine might and right, until right reigns by means of might. It is a difficult problem if one thinks of the unlimited selfishness inside every human, to which hate and malice are added and accumulated. Basically, hatred dominates friendship, and we must not forget that millions of individuals are formed as such; hence, they should be kept within the limits of order, peace, calmness and legitimacy [...]

In reality, nothing except physical might has an immediate effect on individuals; being constituted as such, only might imprints them and deserves their respect.

Schopenhauer

1- Explain this text and state the problematic it raises.

- A **suitable introduction** for the text on might and right and the relation between them. **(2 points)**
- A **suitable problematic**. **(2 points)**
- A **preliminary** idea to introduce the importance of force to have right. **(0.5point)**
- **Explain the ideas** of the text **(4 points)**
- The role of force without which the right cannot govern
- Man is governed by selfishness and malice
- Millions of individuals are dominated by hatred must be subject to order, peace, calmness, legitimacy...
- The theory of Hobbes could be mentioned who considered legitimacy of the government lies in the capacity of staying in power
- In conclusion, the physical force is what controls his character

Creativity

(0.5point)

2- Discuss the thesis of the text in light of another theory that you know. Through:

- A **transitional sentence** linking the thesis to the anti-thesis (0.5points)
- Write an **internal criticism** of the thesis of Schopenhauer. (2 ideas) (1 point)
- Write an **external criticism**: (3.5points)
 - Thesis of Rousseau. The refusal of the idea of might is right.
 - Social contract.
 - The natural right and the positive right.
- Write a **synthesis** joining the different theories and come out with a conclusion. (1.5 points)

Coherence

(0.5 point)

3- Do you think that capital punishment will lead to a commitment to the laws Justify your answer.

- Explain the question and define the terms (3.5points)
- Answer by a yes, sanction can scare people and make them respect the law.... Justify by examples.
- Or a no, this sanction could drive them to rebel and to violate the law. Justify by examples
- Give examples and justification

Language.

(0.5point)