

مسابقة في الثقافة العلميّة – مادة علوم الحياة

المدة: ساعة واحدة

(إنكليزي)

الاسم:

الرقم:

Exercise 1 (7points)

Multiple Sclerosis, a Neurological Disease

Multiple sclerosis is a neurological disease that begins with visual troubles, partial paralysis, clumsiness, or walking problems. This disease is due to a progressive destruction of the myelin sheath by white blood cells.

Document 1

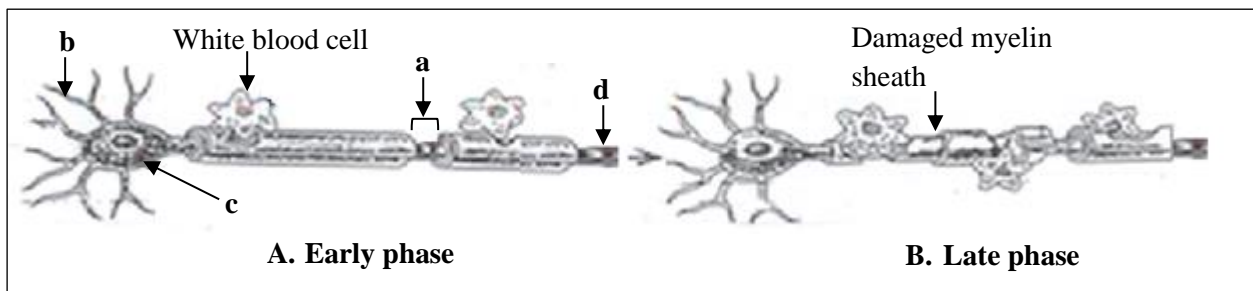
1- **Pick out** from document 1:

1-1- the 4 symptoms of multiple sclerosis.

1-2- the cause of this disease.

Document 2 shows the aspect of a myelinated neuron of an affected individual during **two successive phases of the disease**:

- at the **early** phase (A) (beginning of the disease)
- and at the **late** phase (B).

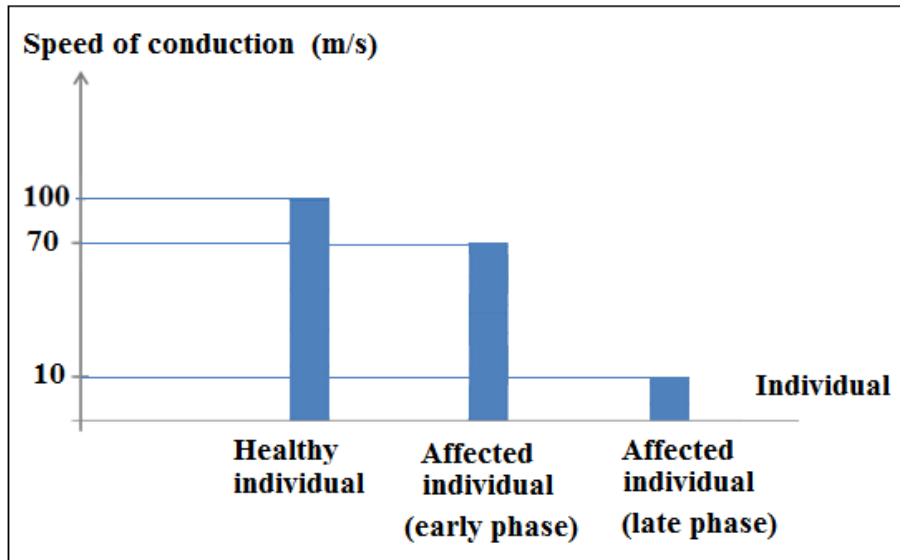


Document 2

2- **Match** each of the structures a, b, c and d of 'document 2' to the suitable number:

- 1- Axon
- 2- Node of Ranvier
- 3- Cell body
- 4- Dendrite

Document 3 represents the speed of conduction of the nervous message recorded at the level of a myelinated nerve fiber in a healthy individual and in an affected individual during the two phases early and late.



Document 3

3- **Recopy** and **complete** the table below based on the histogram in document 3.

	Healthy individual (Control)	Affected individual (Early phase)	Affected individual (Late phase)
Speed of conduction of nerve message (in m/s)			

Document 3

4-

4-1- **Analyze**, based on document 3, the variation in the speed of conduction of nervous message for each individual (healthy and affected).

4-2- What can you **conclude** concerning the effect of the disease on the speed of conduction of nervous message?

5- **Name** two other neurological diseases.

Exercise 2 (6 points)

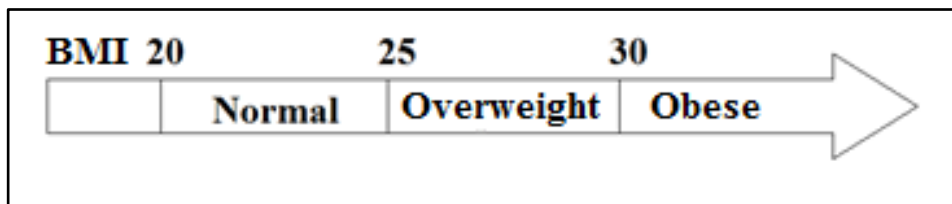
Obesity

Obesity, a state characterized by an abnormal or excessive accumulation of body fat, can lead to dangerous consequences on health.

Three individuals A, B and C consult a dietitian:

- They have **same age (30 years)**
- They have **same height (1.7m)**,
- They have **different body masses:**
 - 70 kg for individual A
 - 90 Kg for individual B
 - 105 Kg for individual C

The body mass index (BMI) is used to measure the degree of obesity (document 1).



Document 1

1- Calculate the BMI of each individual (A, B and C) using the following formula:

$$\text{BMI} = \frac{\text{mass (kg)}}{(\text{Height m})^2}$$

2- Identify the category to which each individual belongs by referring to document 1.

Document 2 reveals the life style and the food ration of each of the individuals

A, B, and C.

		Individual A	Individual B	Individual C
Life style		Moderate activity	Sedentary (no activity)	Moderate activity
Food ration (g)	Carbohydrates	117		117
	Proteins	27		27
	Lipids	31.5		64

Document 2

3-

3.1- Compare the life styles of these three individuals (A, B and C).

3.2- Compare the food ration of these three individuals (A, B and C).

4- Draw out the causes of the excess of the body mass in the concerned individuals.

5- Name two diseases that obese people might suffer from.

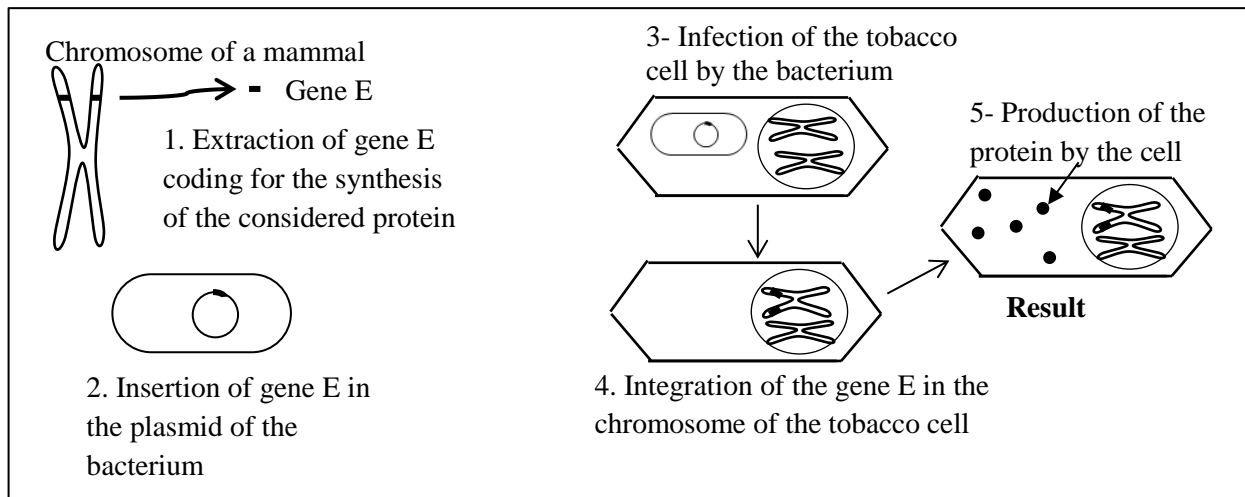
Exercise 3 (7 points)

An Application of Biotechnology

Referring to certain genetic manipulations, researchers could transform plants into factories producing useful substances for humans.

For instance, genetically modified cells of tobacco plants become able to produce a protein whose absence in humans provokes a severe disease: cystic fibrosis.

Document 1 shows some steps of the used technique.



Document 1

1- Describe in a short text the different steps of the technique presented in the document using the following steps:

- Extraction of gene E.
- Insertion of gene E.
- Infection of the tobacco cell by the bacterium.
- Integration of gene E.
- Production of the protein by the cell.

2- Choose the enzyme used in step 1 :

- Restriction enzyme
- Ligase

Choose the enzyme used in step 2:

- Restriction enzyme
- Ligase

3- Complete the following statement :

Bacterium gene E from chromosome of a mammal into

4- Name the technique schematized in document 1. **Justify** the answer.

5- State two other applications of this technique:

- one in the agricultural field
- another one in the medical field.