الاستثنائية	۲	٠	۱۷	العام	دورة
آپ ۲۰۱۷	٨	,	ف	لثلاثاء	11

امتحانات الشهادة الثانوية العامة الفرع: الاجتماع والاقتصاد

المديرية العامة للتري دائرة الامتحانات الرس

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الاسم:	مسابقة في مادة الاجتماع		
الرقم:	المدّة ثلاث ساعات		

	الرقم:	المددة ثلاث ساعات
First Obligatory Set: Utiliz	zation of Cor	ncepts and Techniques

8pts

Specify the appropriate criterion of inequality for each of the following systems of stratification: The Feudal System – The Slavery System – The Modern Class System – The Caste System

1pt

Extract the inappropriate element from the following set, and justify your answer: Education, through its social institutions, succeeds in providing the cultural and educational conditions because:

1pt

0.5pt

1pt

- a. It contributes to interiorize values among individuals.
- b. It supervises and frames the individual's education in the local system.
- c. It provides identification and attraction between the individual and the educational system.
- d. It provides freedom of voting and nomination.
- e. It works on promoting the value of the individual.
- Name the appropriate sociological concept for the following group of terms: Mechanisms used by the individual – Belonging group – Adopting the values of the group – One of the stages of social integration – Reference group.

Categorize the following elements into two groups, and justify your answer: Coherence of models - Characterized by relativity - The psychological unity of individuals -Social integrity - Acquired - Vary in space and time.

Compare through one difference between:

- The traditional family and the modern family. 0.5 pt b- Social Change between the theory of revolution and the theory of reform. 0.5 pt
- Show the relation between:
 - The Intelligentsia and the social policy. 0.5 pt
 - The civil society and social welfare.

0.5 pt

- The interest in accessing "LOTO" is a widespread phenomenon in Lebanon. As a student in the Socio-Economic class, you were asked to participate in a research concerning this phenomenon:
 - Formulate a question (with three alternatives), directed to a sample of Lebanese citizens 1pt accustomed to buy LOTO, on each of the following points: Their reasons of accessing LOTO - The reflections of this phenomenon on them.
 - Name the appropriate technique used, and justify your answer.

0.5pt

Mention the appropriate form of analysis to the used technique, and then name one of the steps of the research stages that follow analyzing and tabulating data.

1pt

Choose one of the two following sets:

The First Choice Set: Analyzing Documents **Document 1**

12 pts

Lebanon is suffering from weaknesses in providing job opportunities, an increase in unemployment rates, the widening circle of poverty, and the inequality in the ownership of property between social classes, in addition to the loss of the factors of stability, the lack of reliance on merits in employment, and the absence of the policy of reward and promotion that is based on competence and merit, and the disrespect of rights and duties. All these hinder the easy reach to positions of authority, and to positions that are compatible with the scientific certificate and expertise held by the individual, in addition to the weak sense of belonging to a society in which phenomena of mediation, favoritism and political inheritance are spread, as well as the inability of the individual to gain his rights due to the weakness of justice and transparency in society.

المصدر: ۲۰۰۷ https://www.lebarmy.gov.lb/ar/defensearchives. (بتصرف):

Document 2

Among the obvious causes of the housing problem in Lebanon are: The excessive migration from rural areas to Beirut and to the main cities where job opportunities are available, the Lebanese war, as well as the absence of job opportunities in rural areas. What aggravates the housing problem is the continuous increase in the value of rents accompanied with the increase in the prices of residential apartments, which worsens the situation. The main cause that aggravates this issue in Lebanon is represented by the low salaries of the majority of the Lebanese people, where 60% of the Lebanese families receive less than \$800 per month, and the low class consisted of 62% of the total Lebanese population, and the families living below the poverty line reached 28.5%, whereas the high incomes are concentrated among the remaining percentages of the Lebanese population. All this makes the purchasing power of the Lebanese people very weak, in case the families do not have relatives abroad to help them.

Document 3

One of the specialists reveals that unemployment is on the top of the list of problems that the Lebanese society is facing, which is increasing day by day, especially with the increasing problems faced by the workers and the employees and their ongoing demonstrations. The rates of unemployment increased among the active labor force in Lebanon which reached a record rate of 40% of this force, and it is even higher than this among the fresh university graduates who have reached 50%, as they have difficulty to find job opportunities.

In addition to that, one quarter of the 30,000 university students in Lebanon get job opportunities, while the other quarter is emigrating to find jobs abroad, whereas, the other half is added to the unemployed category, or to those working in different jobs that do not match their university majors, with salaries lower than expected and because of the aggravating social living crises, in addition to that, recruitment in the public sector was practically stopped, with the presence of syndicates that do not actually represent workers, as they are unable to realize their demands.

المصدر: جريدة الديار، ٣١ أيّار ٢٠١٥.

Based on the given documents and your acquired knowledge, answer the following questions:

- 1- a- Extract from the first document four social phenomena prevailing in the Lebanese society. 1pt
 - b- Deduce from the same document, two types of capital according to Bourdieu, showing evidence on each.
- **2-** The second document indicates the concept of social inequality, deduce:
 - a- Two types of this inequality and justify your answer with one evidence for each. 1.5pts
 - b- The form of mobility resulting from one of them, providing the appropriate evidence. **0.75pt**
- **3-** Document 3 reveals two types of forces of social change. Mention them and justify your answer with an evidence for each.
- **4-** Conclude the state that the majority of Lebanese people suffer from, presenting 3 different **1.25pts** proofs from the documents.
- 5- Show the relation between the 3 documents from one side, and the concept of citizenship from the other side.
- 6- The Lebanese society suffers from a number of problems that hinder its progress. By referring to the documents and your acquired knowledge, write a text in which you mention these problems, showing their reflection on the possibility of social promotion, and then evaluate the effect of external migration on the Lebanese society, naming two suitable programs of social policies to solve these problems, suggesting two procedures for each program, showing the desired result.

The Second Choice Set: Studying a Social Subject Document

12pts

Within the prevailing chaos, waste of resources and corruption in the National Social Security Fund, there is a growing need to develop and create extra tools to motivate employers to declare their workers and employees to the Social Security, and the regularity in paying the financial settlements from the employers to the Social Security Fund. The evasion from the social security, which is very high, is causing a serious decline in the rates of those who regularly pay subscriptions on behalf of their workers and employees which, in turn, leads to a decline in the revenues of the Branch of Sickness and Maternity. In 2015, the deficit reached L.L.322 billion taken from the End-of-Service Compensations, that is to say, from the savings of the workers and the employees which are needed at the end of their service.

The Social Security System in Lebanon was established five decades ago, with the establishment of the Welfare State, and was considered the base for social protection for a distinct and varied number of professional categories. By referring to the document and your acquired knowledge, and by proceeding from the Lebanese society, deal with this issue, concentrating on the following points:

- The Welfare State and the Social Policies in Lebanon.
- The reality of implementing the Social Security in Lebanon compared to Beveridge's Report.
- Four problems faced by the Social Security Fund in Lebanon, and their reflection on the concept of citizenship.
- Two procedures that achieve security and social justice for the Lebanese citizens.

مشروع معيار التصحيح

First Obligatory Set: Utilization of Concepts and Techniques	(8pts)
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		opts)	
1		The Feudal System: Ownership of land The Slavery System: Ownership of slaves The Modern Class System: Ownership of means of production / Merits and competence The Caste System: Religious belief (0.25 each)	1
2		The inappropriate element: It provides freedom of voting and nomination. (0.50 pt.) Justification: It is a political condition of integration. (0.50 pt.)	1
3		The appropriate sociological concept: Social adaptation	0.50
4		First category: Coherence of models - The psychological unity of individuals - Social integrity. (0.25 pt.) Justification: Functions of social values (0.25 pt.) Second category: Characterized by relativity - Acquired - Vary in space and time. (0.25 pt.) Justification: Characteristics of values (0.25 pt.)	1
5	а	The traditional family: Attachment to the inherited traditions / Training children on obedience and loyalty The modern family: Training children on taking initiatives / creativity / respecting others' points of view / personal choices	0.50
	b	The theory of revolution: Revolution is inevitable / Fast and deep / Uses force and violence / Touches the entire society/ radical change The theory of reform: Social intervention / Slow and gradual / Based on rational dialogue/ Natural change	0.50
6	а	The Intelligentsia which is an unorganized force of change plays a role in change through ideas spread in society concerning major social issues; it supports or pressures the state in order to modify its social policy to suit the members of the society.	0.50
	b	The civil society (associations and non-governmental organizations) provides social welfare through providing social services and developing individual capabilities and improving their lives	0.50
7	а	The reasons of accessing LOTO (0.50 pt.) What pushes you to buy LOTO regularly? -Desire to win -Entertainment -Buying a house The reflections of this phenomenon on them (0.50 pt.) How do you behave against a repetitive loss? -Disappointment and despair -Non-relenting hope -Indifference N.B: Any appropriate question similar to the mentioned ones is considered correct.	1
7	b	The appropriate technique used: Questionnaire (0.25 pt.) Justification: It is the most appropriate techniques to collect data from a big sample of Lebanese people that continuously access LOTO. (0.25 pt.)	0.50
	С	The form of analysis used: Quantitative Analysis (0.50 pt.) The steps of the research stages that follow analyzing and tabulating data are: Analyzing and explaining the data / Showing the relations between the different elements / Writing the report / Handing the report to the concerned parties N.B: 1 stage is needed only (0.50 pt.)	1

Choose one of the following two sets: First Choice Set: Analyzing Documents (12 pts.)

	a		ty / Unemployment / Inequality / Mediation / Favoritism / Political	1		
	a	Phenomena: Poverty / Unemployment / Inequality / Mediation / Favoritism / Political inheritance / Weakness in providing justice (4 are only required)				
		The 2 types of capital according to Bourdieu are:				
1	1 Cultural Capital Evidence: Scientific Certificate					
1						
	D	Social Capital		1		
		Economic Capital	Evidence: Poverty / Inequality in ownership between classes			
		N.B: 2 Types of capital are required / For each type 0.25 pt. / For each evidence 0.25 pt.				
	а	-Regional Inequality				
			ssive migration from rural areas to Beirut and to the main cities where	1.50		
		job opportunities are available (0.25 pt.)				
		-Inequality in incomes / Class inequality / Economic inequality (0.50 pt.)				
2			ne Lebanese families receive less than \$800 per month / families living			
			line reached 28.5%, whereas the high incomes are concentrated among			
			entages of the Lebanese population (0.25 pt.)			
	b	Geographical Mobil	lity (0.50 pt.) Evidence: Migration (0.25 pt.)	0.75		
		The types are:				
3		-Organized forces o		1.50		
			s of change (0.50 pt.) Evidence: University Graduates (0.25 pt.)			
			ss in social integration (0.50 pt.)			
		Proofs:				
		•	to positions of authority, and to positions that are compatible with the			
			and expertise held by the individual			
4			e majority of the Lebanese people, where 60% of the Lebanese families			
			800 per month / Working in different jobs that do not match their	1.25		
		•	Unemployment / Poverty / Inability to find job opportunities / rates of			
		unemployment incr	reased among the active labor force in Lebanon which reached a record			
		rate				
			ism and political inheritance / Disrespecting of rights and duties /			
		Weakness of justice	e and transparency			
			0.25 pt. / Evidence should be varied to cover the 3 conditions.			
5		The numerous and	diversified social problems such as poverty, unemployment, migration,			
		social inequality, I	housing problem mentioned in the 3 documents push citizens to	1		
		demonstrations or	to external migration, which in turn reflects weakness in the concept of			
		citizenship				
		•	, unemployment, migration, social inequality, housing problem,			
		weaknesses in the availability of cultural, economic and political conditions of social				
		integration (0.25 pt.) (3 problems should be mentioned)				
		Their reflection on	the possibility of social promotion: Inability to have vertical upward			
			s of qualified people to be promoted / Working in different jobs that do			
6		•	versity majors weakens the possibility of social mobility (0.50 pt.)			
				4		
		~	ct of external migration on the Lebanese society:			
			Remittances of Lebanese living abroad help families improve their			
		situations (0.25 p	t.)			
		_	Empty the society from the scientific elites and the competent Lebanese			
		citizens. (0.25 pt.)				
L	L	I.				

Two suitable programs of social policies to solve these problems:

• Work Program / Housing problem / Programs related to social security (2 programs are required / 0.25 pt. for each program)

Two procedures for each program: (For each procedure 0.50 pt.)

- Housing: Providing long-term low-interest loans / constructing houses to people with limited income...
- Work: Increasing the minimum wage / providing job opportunities for the youth / providing loans for the youth establishing small projects...
- Social security: Providing unemployment compensations / making social security comprehensive...

Desired result: Integration / Progress / Stability (0.25 pt.)

The Second Choice Set: Studying a Social Subject (12 pts.)

Introduction: Methodology (1.50 pts.)

Importance of the subject: Lebanon participated in putting the essential draft of the International Declaration of Human Rights and is obliged to implement it. The Social Security was established in 1963, however it was not completely implemented and is facing many financial problems that are negatively reflected on the members of the Lebanese society and it threatens the continuous protection of the Lebanese citizens. (0.50 pts.)

Time and place framework: Lebanon / Today (0.25 pt.)

Problematic: To what extent is the Social Security System capable of protecting its subscribers with the waste of resources and corruption in the NSSF? / (0.50 pt.)

3

Outline:

1

- The Welfare State and the Social Policies in Lebanon.
- The reality of implementing the Social Security in Lebanon compared to Beveridge's Report.
- Four problems faced by the Social Security Fund in Lebanon, and their reflection on the concept of citizenship.
- Two procedures that achieve security and social justice for the Lebanese citizens. (0.25)

Body: Methodology (2 pts.)

The Welfare State and the Social Policies in Lebanon

With the problems that Lebanon suffers from, the Lebanese citizen became unable to protect himself. In front of this reality, the Lebanese State could not perform all its duties as a Welfare State to protect its citizens through programs of social policies, through a group of legislations, laws, projects, and plans that target reducing inequality and redistribute wealth among citizens. (0.75 pt.)

The reality of implementing the Social Security in Lebanon compared to Beveridge's Report

According to Beveridge, The basis of the Social security are: It is a general system that covers all people; It is a unified and simple system, i.e one subscription protects against all dangers; It is unilateral and symmetric, i.e the provisions are the same to all regardless of the level of income.

7

In Lebanon, it protects only who works and specifically in the private sector, which made its coverage not comprehensive. It does not protect from unemployment, as it is not mentioned in the Lebanese law. It does not protect the elderly and the disabled and it does not cover all cases in the domain of health and does not provide all their expenses. This means that it is not compatible with the Beveridge's Report. (1.50 pts.)

2

The Four problems faced by the Social Security Fund in Lebanon, and their reflection on the concept of citizenship

The Social Security Fund suffers from a number of problems: The evasion of employers from subscribing their employees or workers/ Regression in revenues that finance the NSSF -

Covering the deficit in the Branch of sickness and maternity from the Branch of End-Of-Service Indemnity - The widespread of corruption among the employees of the same institution. (0.25 pt. for each problem)

These problems negatively reflect on the concept of citizenship since they weaken the equality between people, and they weaken practicing citizenship duties and to subscriptions in return to granted provisions, and they threaten the basic rights to health, work, and old age protection, which every member in the social security system is supposed to achieve. (0.75 pts.)

Two procedures that achieve security and social justice for the Lebanese citizens

- -Comprehensiveness of the NSSF for all
- -Strictness of the authorities in following-up those employers who are late in subscribing their employees / Covering the elderly and the unemployed / Questioning and accountability / Comprehensive coverage of health expenses... (o.5 pt. for each procedure)

Conclusion: Methodology (0.50 pt.)

Summarizing main ideas and answering the problematic:

...The effectiveness of the welfare state cannot be organized in Lebanon without solving the problems in the social security fund and without widening the net of social protection for all. (1 pt.)

2

Opening new horizons:

To What extent can the forces of change activate the work of the social security and widen the protection net? (0.5 pt.)