

الاسم:
الرقم:

مسابقة في مادة الرياضيات
المدة: ساعة واحدة

عدد المسائل: ثلاث

ملاحظة: - يسمح باستعمال آلة حاسبة غير قابلة للبرمجة او اختزان المعلومات او رسم البيانات.
- يستطيع المرشح الإجابة بالترتيب الذي يناسبه (دون الالتزام بترتيب المسائل الواردة في المسابقة)

I- (5 points)

Two shirts and three hats cost 105 000 LL.

The price of a shirt is decreased by 10 % while the price of a hat remains the same. After this reduction, the price of three shirts and one hat becomes 96 000 LL.

- 1) a- Write a system of two equations with two unknowns to model the previous text.
b- Calculate the original price of one shirt and that of one hat.
- 2) After reduction, Nadia paid 87 000LL to buy one shirt and some hats.
How many hats did she buy?

II- (5 points)

In a factory, 25 employees are distributed according to the following table:

Career \ Age	Age				Total
	[20-30[[30-40[[40-50[[50-60]	
Engineer	1	4		3	10
Workers		4	4	2	
Total	6		6		25

- 1) Copy and complete the table above.
- 2) An employee is randomly selected.

Consider the following events:

E: « the selected employee is an engineer »

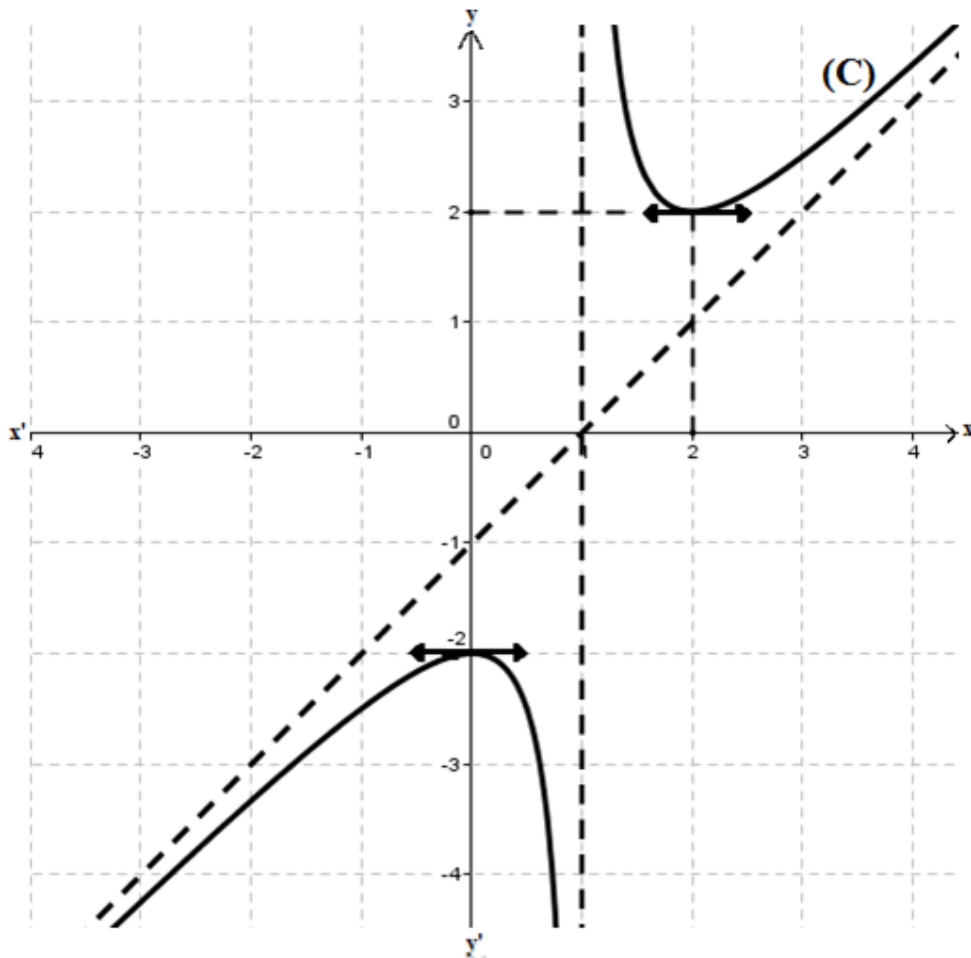
F: « the selected employee is strictly less than 40 years old »

Calculate the following probabilities: $P(E)$, $P(F)$, $P(E/F)$ and $P(E \cap F)$.

- 3) Knowing that the selected employee is an engineer, calculate the probability that this employee is strictly less than 50 years old.
- 4) Calculate the average age of the engineers and the average age of the workers, then deduce the average age of the 25 employees.

III- (10 points)

In the figure below, (C) is the representative curve of a function f , in an orthonormal system of axes $(O ; \vec{i}, \vec{j})$.



- 1) Determine the domain of definition of the function f .
- 2) a- Determine $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ x < 1}} f(x)$ and $\lim_{\substack{x \rightarrow 1 \\ x > 1}} f(x)$.
 b- Deduce the equation of an asymptote (d) to (C).
- 3) a- Find $f(2)$ and $f(0)$.
 b- Compare $f(3)$ and $f(4)$.
- 4) a- Set up the table of variations of the function f .
 b- Compare $f'(\frac{1}{2})$ and $f'(-3)$.
- 5) Solve graphically the inequality $f(x) < -2$.
- 6) Could we find x so that $f(x) = 0$? Justify.
- 7) Assume that $f(x) = ax + b + \frac{1}{x-1}$, show that $a = 1$ and $b = -1$.

I	Short answers	notes
1a	$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 105\,000 \\ 27x + 10y = 96\,000 \end{cases}$	١,٥
1b	x = 30 000 and y = 15 000. The price of one shirt is 30 000LL and the price of one hat is 15 000LL	١,٥
2	The price one shirt after the discount is 27 000LL 27 000 + 15 000 a = 87 000 so a = 4. Nadia bought 4 hats.	٢

II	Short answers	notes																								
1	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Age careers</th> <th>[20-30[</th> <th>[30-40[</th> <th>[40-50[</th> <th>[50-60[</th> <th>Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Engineer</td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td>worker</td> <td>5</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> <td>2</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>6</td> <td>8</td> <td>6</td> <td>5</td> <td>25</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Age careers	[20-30[[30-40[[40-50[[50-60[Total	Engineer	1	4	2	3	10	worker	5	4	4	2	15	Total	6	8	6	5	25	١
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2	$P(E) = \frac{10}{25} = \frac{2}{5}$; $P(F) = \frac{14}{25}$; $P(E/F) = \frac{5}{14}$; $P(E \cap F) = \frac{5}{25} = \frac{1}{5}$.	٢																								
3	$P(< 50 \text{ years} / E) = \frac{7}{10}$.	١																								
4	The average age of one engineer is $= \frac{25 + 35 \times 4 + 45 \times 2 + 55 \times 3}{10} = 42$. The average age of one worker is $= \frac{5 \times 25 + 4 \times 35 + 4 \times 45 + 2 \times 55}{15} = 37$. The average age of each of the 25 employees $= \frac{10 \times 42 + 15 \times 37}{25} = 39$	١																								

III	Short answers	notes
1	$D_f =]-\infty, 1[\cup]1, +\infty[$.	, 0
2a	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = -\infty$. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = +\infty$.	1
2b	(d) : $x = 1$ asymptote of (C).	, 0
3a	$f(2) = 2$ et $f(0) = -2$.	1
3b	$f(3) < f(4)$.	1
4a		1
4b	$f'(\frac{1}{2}) < f'(-3)$ car $f'(\frac{1}{2}) < 0$ et $f'(-3) > 0$.	1
5	$S =]-\infty ; 0[\cup]0 ; 1[$.	1
6	$f(x) = 0$ doesn't have a solution because (C) doesn't cut (x'x).	1
7	$f(0) = -2$; $b - 1 = -2$ so $b = -1$, $f(x) = ax - 1 + \frac{1}{x - 1}$, $f(2) = 2$ so $2a - 1 + 1 = 2$; $a = 1$	2